

Calc pg 155

Prob 9, 10

$$9) \underbrace{x^2 y}_{\text{Product}} + \underbrace{x y^2}_{\text{Product}} = 6$$

$$\underbrace{x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y(2x)}_{\downarrow} + \underbrace{x(2y) \frac{dy}{dx} + y^2(1)} = 0$$

$$x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy + y^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy \frac{dy}{dx} = -2xy - y^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (x^2 + 2xy) = -2xy - y^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2xy - y^2}{x^2 + 2xy}$$

$$10) x^3 + y^3 = 18xy$$

$$3x^2 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 18 \underbrace{(x \frac{dy}{dx} + y(1))}_{\text{Product}}$$

$$3x^2 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = 18x \frac{dy}{dx} + 18y$$

$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} - 18x \frac{dy}{dx} = 18y - 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} (3y^2 - 18x) = 18y - 3x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{18y - 3x^2}{3y^2 - 18x}$$