

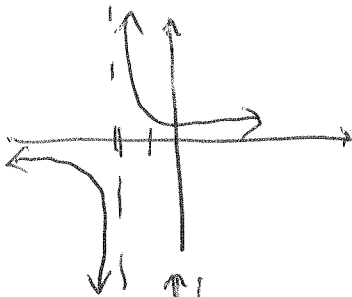
Algebra II Chapter 9 Test

Name: Key

Graph the following. Indicate the vertical and horizontal asymptotes.

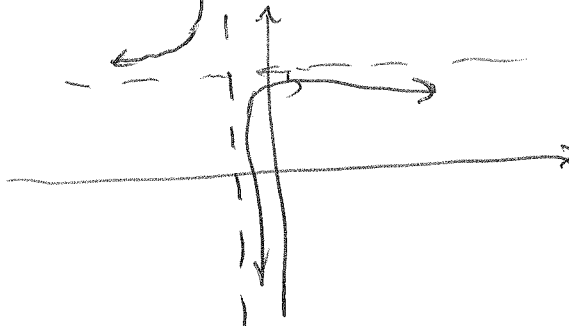
1. $\frac{1}{x+2}$

$x = -2$
 $y = 0$



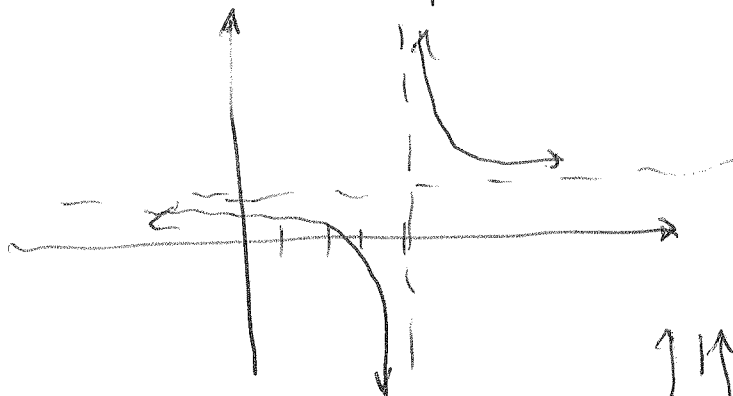
2. $\frac{5x}{x+1}$

$x = -1$
 $y = 5$



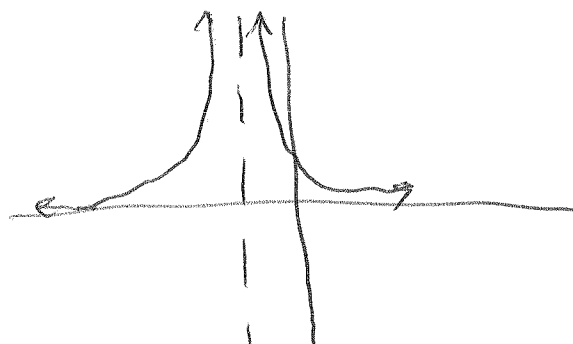
3. $\frac{x-1}{x-4}$

$x = 4$
 $y = 1$



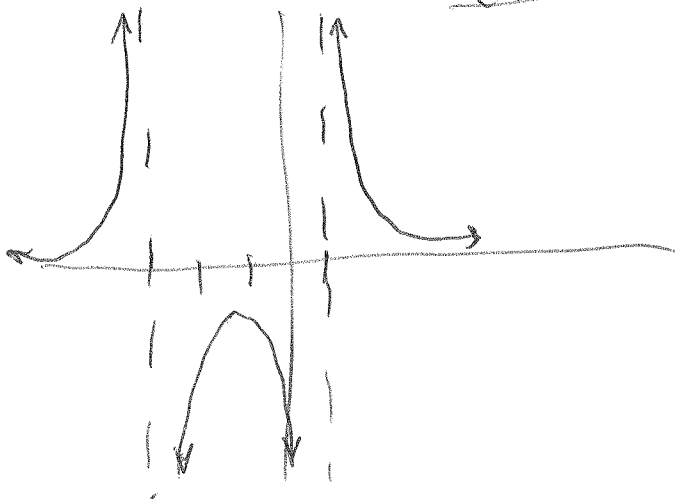
4. $\frac{1}{(x+2)^2}$

$x = -2$
 $y = 0$



5. $\frac{8}{(x-1)(x+3)}$

$x = 1$ $y = 0$
 $x = -3$



Write an equation for each statement Then solve the equation

6. if y varies directly as x and $y = 12$ when $x = 3$, find y when $x = 16$

$$y = 4x \quad 64$$

7. if r varies inversely as t and $r = 18$ when $t = -3$, find r when $t = -11$

$$r = \frac{-54}{t} \quad 4.91$$

Simplify each expression

8. $\frac{45xy^3}{20y^7}$

$$\frac{9x}{4y^4}$$

9. $\frac{5x-5}{x^2-1}$

$$\frac{5}{x+1}$$

10. $\frac{(ab)^2}{c} \cdot \frac{cx^2}{xa^3b}$

$$\frac{bx}{a}$$

11. $\frac{35}{16x^2} \div \frac{21}{4x}$

$$\frac{5}{12x}$$

12. $\frac{9x^2y^3}{(5xyz)^2} \div \frac{(3xy)^3}{20x^2y}$

$$\frac{4}{15xyz^2}$$

13. $\frac{5}{x^2 - 3x - 28} + \frac{7}{2x - 14}$

$$\frac{7x + 38}{2(x-7)(x+4)}$$

14. $\frac{x}{x+3} - \frac{6x}{x^2-9}$

$$\frac{x(x-9)}{(x+3)(x-3)}$$

15. $\frac{5}{x+3} - \frac{2}{x-2}$

$$\frac{3x-16}{(x+3)(x-2)}$$

16. $\frac{3m+2}{m+n} + \frac{4}{2m+2n}$

$$\frac{3m+4}{m+n}$$

Solve

17. $\frac{x+1}{3} + \frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$

6.94
1.73

18. $\frac{1}{t-1} + \frac{1}{t+2} = \frac{1}{2}$

4, -1

19. $\frac{1}{m+2} - \frac{1}{3-m} = -\frac{1}{6}$

-12, 1

20. $\frac{3}{x^2+3x} + \frac{x+2}{x+3} = \frac{1}{x}$

-1